

No 7

(1)

Steamer Sulplacé at sea 8° South
(300) 1300 miles N. E. Rio. Mont N. (6)
(I use statute miles)

Dear Sister & brother Isaac

We left Rio de Janeiro at noon on
21st Inst. I give to Ruben W. Ropes
of New York No 6 to seal and mail to
you on his arrival there in the North
America which was to sail 24th Feby.
also 3 newspapers Buenos Ayres Standard
and another containing two numbers
of the Anglo Brazilian Times, give me by
W. Scully the Editor, whom I found a most
kind and generous man, an Irishman, I
think. I can say Tho' R. Hunt and
the Brickhead might be glad to look
them over also. They cast considerable light
on conditions of the countries, ~~mostly the~~
I also sent a package of papers to you in my
draw, and a paper shells memorandum
of Botafogo Beach.

Our pleasant Consul James Monroe
told me he had forwarded the other package
I mentioned, with the Mulletto wood to
Mr. W. Brown 70 Franklin St. N. York, by a
ship Capt. The Mulletto wood is used
for handles just as it is, and I think S.
Paul would like to test it. I suspect it
is better than our hickory.

Please tell Richd. Howard Jr. I had a
letter from Margie - dated Huta Dec 23^d
After leaving Rio, the Capt. found the

The Portuguese Consul had given him a
true bill of health, then being Cholera in
Rio, although the Belgian gave him a
clean one for Antwerp, but what put
him in trouble after Southampton -

This circumstance has been to defeat
my projects for landing at Timoroff
and Madagascaria at present at least,
but I have been so fortunate in escaping
quarantine so much to be apprehended
in these latitudes, I must not
complain - Very few tropical fruits please any
body at first. I enclose a draft of the
famous "Alligator Pear," by many
considered the best of all fruits, though
I believe the Mangosteen bears the
palm - I find as other novices do,
insipid, but less so than I thought
the first pears I ever ate, that
are so delicious to me now -

The pear is wonderfully bland, and
is said to be very ^{wholesome} & appears to be very nutritious
in the mouth feels like a very dense
cream - Consistency of butter, not
juicy, nor dry, eaten with a spoon
pepper & salt and some acid vinegar,
The ship agent very kindly sent to
me a dozen very fine specimens
but no one fancies them of our
cleft paper - We have plenty of
rum, most of us single state in the
stateroom - An English Naval Lieutenant
Harris of Kent took all the Ropes berth,
the only cabin passenger from Rio,

After the usual quantity of ~~usual~~
commonal detentions by just regulations
we got out of the beautiful harbor
of Rio about 1 P.M., to encounter a
crop ugly sea, that made our ship
roll so the Capt said he thought she
was going over, but we soon got away
from this into another water which
has held on ever since, but with
head winds.

I counted 13 vessels, ~~number~~ of
these were stop counting ships, and
outside of Rio, and have seen only
three ^{vessels} since, a ship ^{& 2 others we could not make out.} so much for the
commerce of this vast country though
there is said a shoving in their harbors.
The ships however are small in size,
and the delay incident to discharging
and reloading and refitting are
next to interminable. The policy is
utterly detestable. duties are levied on
goods in transit if a possible pretext
can be found for do so, and if 2
steamers belonging to the same line
owners wish to have a turn of bay
for ships use one to the other however
close they may be together, on a
Brazilian harbor, duty must be paid
upon it. I must say however I have
not with nothing but civility & despatch
at the customs. My baggage hardly been

looked at in all So. America part.
People are very civil throughout, but
social conditions are detestable from
all I can learn, and the political
riots the consequences inevitable
thence. Coal is often sold very cheap
at these parts, ~~being~~ brought out very
much for ballast, and difficulty of
lightage is so great ^{in the} ~~in the~~
river Sapata, ships, ^{loaded with it,} would be glad
to nearly give their engines almost
for nothing to get away from expenses
and other cuts of "demurrage".

At Cardiff Mules coal costs

delivered on board steamer 2.65 ct &
2.88 ct per 2240 lbs. This Company
pay in Rio by contract your round
14.50 ct per 2240 lbs delivered on board.

The man who ~~found~~ us had about
90 slaves along ~~side~~ in 3 lighters
went off a day ^{earlier} ~~earlier~~ in 200 tons. This
^{was what we had on board}
will last us to St. Vincent ~~then~~ of the

Cape de Verde 16 or 18 days from Rio.
The driver of these slaves, a white man,
brought one of them for our catching, ^{and}
a rope that was thrown to him
(a very common accident) ^{and} ~~and~~
he jumped overboard though he
could not swim. I did not see
it, but others on board did.

There are generally deer at these
parts, even vegetable products
are often so - some of them so

from ranges of mts - and semitic (5
destroy a whole field of corn as it comes
up and corn young peach and other
trees are in some districts almost
impossible to propagate in their seed -
a bag renders for muskmellons
50 cts each in Rio, while the water
melon is cheap, and at Penambuco
a small squash or pumpkin costs the
same price.

I believe I said in my last the
Extract of beef was as 16 to 1 in
muskums, but I hear one pound
of the Extract is equal to 32 lbs of
beef, it retails for 3.00 per lb, and
is used for invalids & scrubs -

Rio was glorious with its bay in
front and back ground of mountains
as we left it - The lake is not often
seen - We ran near the coast
60 miles before we took our departure
from "Cape Fries" - a paradise of
Mountain slopes & valleys, or gorges
therein, with Rocky Islets covered with
palms & ~~folia~~ other foliage, greens
and gold continually with ~~the~~ way
shade of brown and gray of the
bare portions of granite rock -
A country out of the world when
plantation houses were in a mile
like eyes on the sides of the
semi mountains, in valleys on the
flats near their base & the long

beaches of silvery white sand,
common view of the sea, and
catch the refreshing breeze that
also ~~enriches~~ the scene with
commerce, they look very tempting
from ship board but I presume
would soon be found very dull
on trial. <sup>a little promontory of Rook base and
emerald green above, almost a hemisphere
rising out of the water, crowned by a round church is a fine object
as we pass it, near by.</sup>
50 miles from land, several large

miles of a deep arch breeze
came on board of us borne by the
only favourable wind, we have
had - We have seen however
very little life. Flying fish in or
three times ^{and to day Petrels,} and on the 26th ult
a school of Albcorns leaping
like salmon, several feet out
of water and leaping as the leaper
but both apparently -

The sun is nearly exactly in the
Zenith again, and we shall beat
him across the Equator - The Southern
cross is in the Milky way - The
Great Bear 15° above the Northern
horizon, and Orion the finest
constellation (here I think) is
in the Zenith at midnight and
sets in the N. West about 1 A.M.
The Pleiades always in sight.

I have not seen a fine sunset since I left home.

Our Capt Lee says a lock has been placed upon the Barometer in the Liverpool Exchange, a fall in cotton having been effected by some Cotton Speculator who turned the screw to such a fall of the mercury that rendered the top of all at sea probable.

He says in Liverpool alone 200 Blue Ram runners are on hand 50 of them have not been out of port even. They cost on an average fully 100,000 each. have very few engines, but are built so as to be fit nothing but rivers. I was launched in Liverpool during one day. The Chief firm at the building failed in consequence of debts left on their hands by those who had agreed for but would not take them at the end of our war. One of our papers, the Star says a Naval Lieutenant says men servants at table are rapidly going out of ~~use~~ in England.

Another paper says is the case of Submarine telegraph cables for a large manufacturing Co. of them in London. It has also been in the employment of Glyn & Elliot. reported at laying the first cable from Ireland to America.

He says the last cable is far better
the first might not enter huff so
much - The splice at sea is
made in 1 1/2 hours - The bungs were
all brazed together again -
and the splice laps a fathom or
two (according to size of cable) and
when finished looks as well, ^{as} and
like the rest of the cable - He thinks
India Rubber will supersede "Percha"
He laid a cable in Persian Gulf & has just put one down in the
Over three grey Ottericks were towed
upon deck and it was dull to see
their pertinacious efforts to - pick
up the heads of iron bolts from the
machinery on deck, also the brass
raised letters on the castings
about the decks - They were smothered in a
canvas cover coop the other day, too closely protected
from a heavy rain & wind - Storms not even
Hurdwars are known in these trade wind
latitudes, monsoon breeze prevail just ahead
the trades being South & North of us -

Speaking of the old (first) cable to America, I asked the
manufacturers in England in 1857 how it was possible
the fine wire net that covered it could resist the salt
water even one year - They said it would be laid
first, and would endure - Mr Falsted says the covering
was very expensive & proved worthless.

Another of our passengers is Bryce Mc Kenner
of Belfast, now a sheep farmer in the "Camp"
back of Montserrat - A young man who
was on board the Brig S. C. Waring when she was
captured by the Jeff Davis, and recaptured by
the Negro Dadey - Mr Kenner sued and
received 600 £ salvage on his claim for

bringing the vessel & cargo into N. York. The suit cost him 800 £ he says. He was only a puffenger, and I think the bloody deed he witnessed has shaken his mind a little. He is very amiable, but being a Democrat bullet greatly disturbs his neighbors at night with imaginary thunders and real thumping arguments & harangues of a very boisterous character.

Our Surgeon is a young man, living 21 miles west of Edinburgh, 16 miles east of the famed Stirling, and although close by the rail that runs to both he has only seen Edinburgh twice & never was at Stirling. Such is the cramped condition of European who happen to be of the 19th century who are too poor to see any thing 10 miles from their friends. I have long noticed how few of the middle classes even can tell you of any thing they have seen in Europe that is not near their old homes.

Another blacksmith, a passenger, is the Wuthen a man of sense, without guile, and of the stoutest ever exhibiting good nature. I believe I have been seen some of a county blacksmith near Edinburgh who has joined a wagon maker by trade for the continent, an engineer and agent for the continent, and carrying with him a blessing for every one whom he meets. He talks broadest Scotch and to hear his unmountainous at night with his room mate the kitchen during his "nightly tantrums" is a revelation of his gentle nature not often witnessed.

He has been much in the Mediterranean
an Black Sea, and in Boston Survey
been also in employment of Currier & Co.
Lieut. Harris is a very fine fellow, very
good natured (as are all my cabin mates
in fact) and like the ship Captain a
liberal in politics -

We left Buenos Ayres ~~19 days~~ 19 days
ago - Call at Montevideo & Rio de Janeiro
consumed over 3 days and had ground
the rest, but a fair fresh breeze in
set in last night & continues to day, not
and I hope will last to the Equator at least
The cabin is a little warm some nights
but the day and evenings fine on deck
and the evenings are absolute
paradise, so delicious is the air of
these seas at night, the water is
we are drinking distilled water, it
is considered better than other - The
apparatus on board furnishes about
130 galls daily -

I was greatly grieved to hear of the
partial destruction of the Crystal Palace
a great loss to the enter civilized world
The prospect of a telegraph to the Iceland
must be very cheering - I have long
wished that these remote Islands might
be brought into communication with the
rest of mankind - Greenland Faroe & Iceland
own to Greenland sum to me the fur the most
feasible route unless Polar ice berg prove
insuperable -

embarrassments. In case of loss of insulation the North Atlantic route perhaps great advantages.

The proximity to the magnetic pole may perhaps be an evil. The cable that has lately been laid across the Lapland just below Buenos Ayres is only 10 miles long & cost 80,000 £. It is the heaviest in the world, 26

miles long and weighs 38,000 lbs per mile. The shore ends of the telegraph cables from Valencia are heavier but the main is only about 7850 lbs per mile. The first one (that failed entirely) weighed only about 2120 lbs per mile.

connected with the Lapland cable is a land line of 132 miles, every part of which has a wire from the main wire to the ground. A precaution used against lightning in some countries.

The magnetic disturbance on this short line is so great that sometimes there is an interruption of communication for several hours at a time. The cause is not known, but perhaps is the long

chain of mountains in the world running nearly parallel with the line of attraction to the magnetic pole may have something to do

with it. Though perhaps near the North
end of the range the effect might not
be experienced.

It has occurred to me that inasmuch
as magnetism & Electricity are produced
by action between metals and acids, whether
it may not be that these elements may not
be widely forms of metals and acids, by either
of them as are bases of acids.

March 3rd yesterday morning a
flying fish was taken aboard on deck. It
had flown on board during the night.
The fish is kind of divided into
half of him to my dinner, and a very
nice & delicate fish. The fish is very thick
and square in form, not flat.
Our ship is too high for the general
flight of these fish, but the Captain
says multitudes kill themselves by
flying against sides of ships at night,
and their force is such as to crush the
head entirely if they strike a mast or
or other hard substance. In some
places he has often taken up 50 fish
from deck in a morning, then flown
against the sails or enough to damage
for all on board. I crossed the Equator
to day attended by a huge school of porpoises

The wind is about 27° West S. (which we
 received to day a little after noon)
 the Capt. says it is nearly always
 cloudy, with very little wind and
 calm when it is calm and the
 water is entirely smooth, yet
 the swell is always running
 enough to toss large ships
 The South East trades which we have
 been enjoying the past 3 days, fade
 as we approach the line, and cease
 a little Nth. of it, when will soon
 meet the N. E. trades, & head wind
 to the Cape de Verd about 1000
 miles on our track herefrom,

It seems there are 16 ships in this
 line and more are contemplated,
 The Ruth born of Liverpool all
 large owners in it. Capt. Lee says
 this family is famed for its benevolence
 and general good character
 in common with many of Liverpool
 not respectable merchant, they
 are non Unitarian I suppose
 they are grand children of Richard
 Richard Reynolds

I forgot to mention that the Pampas
are frequently ravaged by fires. One
of the modes of extinction, is by driving
1/4 or 1/2 of a horse or ox killed for the
purpose, along at great speed near
the fire on the line of camp that of
its progress. This destroys the dead

The guns & cartridges are very small so far
as I saw, in S. America.
Island of St. Vincent Cape de Verde

March 10, 67 Lat 16° 54' Long 25° 4'
We left Buenos Ayres 4 weeks ago today
and arrived at this cooling station
last evening - nearly 5000 Statute miles.

We called at Stellenbosch 2 days and Rio de
at Rio a French mail steamer was
lying when we left and remained 4 days

Thenceforward - We entered the very fine
little harbour almost together. The head
a clean bill of health from the Brazilian
Portuguese consul who gave us a foul one.

Northwards we were considerably allowed
to land by the authorities here -

We have seen but 6 sails and one
English Steam vessel of war since leaving Rio.

You paper at ~~the~~ at the Equator, I saw not,
I only of Puffins and flying fish (a
couple of these flew about) some petrels
and other birds occasionally, but very little
life of any kind. The weather has been
delightfully cool most of the time, and
the 2 last evening thick coats were worn
on deck. Generally a breeze and
except about 3 days always ahead
all the way from B. Ayres. We are however
only a couple of days behind the usual
time for this line which is slow.
The atmospheric conditions contribute
of themselves an absolute luxury.
I had land on Scotch Porridge and
weed and a little fresh bacon all the
way. An appetite at sea, though
even dry toast & tea or coffee or any
kind of fish provisions, but I put
to die of coffee & thuffins so soon
as I got to Southampton for I re-
member for Linnæus or Madras
and passed a number of the group
of Islands in sight as we sailed along
the western verge of them. They are
extremely peculiar in their
Puffin descent of volcanic peaks
and deep gorges. Many of them
apparently without water. Rain is
rare in this land, though for
the past 6 weeks until yesterday.

The fog has been so dense that we
even kept "San Antonio" that lies
across the mouth of this harbor, has
not been visible only 8 miles off
about a dozen American
Whalers, are about here, 6 yet
in harbor unable to get
not being able to see the whale
There are not over 1000 acres yet 8
Span whaler are frequently taken
in it, and they are trying out one that
was caught only 3 days ago by which
of our fishermen gets 80 barrels of Span
oil worth 7000 dollars. The captain of
an English bark says he says
the creature landed near his barge
the whale carried his captors out to
sea for a long distance before yielding
He says the most exciting scene he ever
witnessed. A dozen of them have
been seen here at a time. In the harbor
As we approached the harbor last
evening we had the only fine sea set
I have seen since I left home, and
the effect of the lights & shadows
and coloring of the hundred bars
and curved peaks & crumpled
slopes was beautiful beyond
description. Then followed bark rain

most of the evening (a rare incident 17
here) accompanied beautiful lightning
illumination by the lights, on every hand.

About 10 A.M. today we went
ashore to the little village of about
10 or 12 hundred people chiefly blacks,
who are ^{generally} ~~all~~ ~~free~~, and very many of them
speak English. English coin is
current. The entire harbor I
hear at least all that is available
for shipping has been bought up by
Mr. Miller the British Consul here
who maintains a Portuguese woman &
his son. He supplies steamers
with coal about one ton per day on an
average, and has arrangements on shore
for receiving it from vessels that
buy it - from Wales are very complete
as well as his own lighters for de-
livering it from the yard to steamers.
He has also two little steam tugs
to carry them lighter off. Though the
steamers come to barge he has
prepared for them not 1/2 a mile
from the wharves. Such is the

English enterprise that a steamer
is furnished with her crew here in
half the time she can get them
at any port I saw in South America
and with vastly less labour.

Some Oranges are 12 ~~each~~ a dozen
and fine bananas same price.
They are brought from the island
San Antonio nearly for one, or
part of which is cultivation.

This of St. Vincent is very like the
desert near the Dead Sea.
Almost entirely bare surface of
earth & broken stones, with
patches of bare ground & some
Island. With much of the best
it would be very productive. Goats

abundant on scanty patches of wood
&c. I saw some small black
cows & an ox, also a little horse
& a pig. A barque and 5 or 6
whaling steamers (American) were
lying in the harbour. The French
mail steamer was off for Bordeaux
all could before 2 P.M. She got in

front 2. must *Levis* *revers*, must
despatch. Some of the mountains
must be 2500 feet high only the peaks
and shoulders exhibit the rock
in situ. The rest is all debris
and appears entirely *barbless*, as
much of it is until you walk on it,
I took a bath among the rocks,
in the scent of *cheerful* *limp* *patience*
of water, and sun on the beach
near by tin numerous *villages*
(also flying) one of which was
entirely white on his back as the
flin except a stripe of black
at the ^{feet} edge of his wings - a
very handsome bird, probably a
young or older one than the other
I also saw an *Oryz* *fishy*, looks
just like *brun*. *Gnaph* *span* were
on the red or ochre surface
but I saw no other life - No
houses except for the town or
only 2 or 3 that belong to the *Comal*

I believe for himself and his
Linnæus club staff of students
here - I do not know how it is
in cases here, but it is very common
in the American to find men
fastened out there by wives who
will not remove home to concubinage
with their husbands, or breads
The husband dare not attempt
to pursue her if he were to go
I am sure the amount of this
sort of bondage is very great
Young and inexperienced when they
come out to get something to live
at home with. They form companies
that down defeat the success
purpose of their early expectations.
I saw 2 miles back of the town
dry mostly in rock of large
stone, and 40 feet deep -
In storming, but 10 or 15 feet
diameter at top - Women were
washing clothes there - In fine

I saw what I took to be a
 Coral reef, on one part of the shore.
 a few Coconut trees are planted
 by the custom house, that grow
 very well - and in some low
 places among the hills plenty
 of the shrub (common on the shores
 of Mediterranean, and ornamental
 in our garden) grows about 4 feet
 high & leaf much like cedar. I
 know the name perfectly, but forget
 it. I am sure
 off by itself on a dreary rubbishy
 level plain, is the cemetery
 enclosed in rubble stone wall.
 Outside of it are a few tombs, one
 of an officer of the U. S. Naval
 Hospital Public. in 1844 I think
 all the numerous colored
 women & children by. It is
 you at a distance as in Egypt.
 But not the men - Army then
 and soldiers, sentinels. The
 Captain Hunt, there is not a slave
 on this island. All slavery in

12) The Cape de Verde Islands
was in 1872.

What is the difference between
a Spanish and a Spanish?
Gulie suggested this question to me.
One smells of his food before
tasting it, the other after.
A few weeks ago, a boat was
sent after a sperm whale just
at the mouth of this harbour.
The creature attacked the boat
& bit it in two - a 2^d was sent
he tasted that in the same
manner - a third shared the
same fate. The Captain then
determined to pursue him with
his schooner. The whale attacked
that twice and the last time
left some of his teeth & flesh
about the bow & cutwater.
Small boats were again sent
to it was finally captured
and yielded 120 bbls Sperm oil worth
10,000 dollars

The view from beneath the
ships gunny, is very interesting
The weather is bright, but a
haze hangs about the sides of
San Antonio Island (the hills
there must be 2000 feet high
at least) giving it the effect
of a pantry on glass, but not
to the wonderfully beautiful
degree in which I once saw
the South West highlands from
the coast of Scotland near
Cape Wrath - Only occasionally
a sperm whale is taken in this
region - I am told American
whalers are also catching many
whales about 200 miles south West
of Cape Clear on the South of Ireland
They are boiling out oil on the deck
of one of the vessels lying near us -
The flame glows at night a few
hundred yards and we have also
presumably benefit of fumes of the
kitchen flue of whale part of which
is used for fuel and the negro

of the place find the scraps
which are given them in large
quantities, very acceptable food.

Many of these Negroes are very bright
& very strong & faithful laborers,
the Miller ("King of the Island")
employs many of them and pays
higher wages than others do.

He gives the men 24 cts and 1 1/2 lbs of
Indian corn per day - and to the
women 10 cts per day, and the corn.
He consumes of about 30,000 tons of coal
annually - on which the government of
Portugal charges 2,400 cts (10) per ton -
It also charges 24 cts per ton on all stones
taken from the Island for ballast for vessels.

I find I am here in the fur off
water in the middle of our new wharves
The wharves are very pretty but small
in size. The "Alcyon of Providence
town," the Dutch ship, do, Montezuma
of New Bedford, I can read from our
ship - another is also another is from Boston
The English Barque after discharging Cardiff coal
has sailed for Savannah.

There is a nice little stream some
 miles back on the Island, but the
 miserable magnesia in fact under
 from the wells costs 1 1/2 cts per
 gallon on shore for the shipping.
 The mountain on St Antonio, close by
 being 4000 feet high while the highest
 on St Vincent is only 2800 feet, that
 island monopolizes most of the wine
 and brandy, ^{from} Durrham here in great
 quantities and the very finest oranges
 I ever ate. They are then skinned (as
 I have found them skinned oranges
 but generally) and so juicy that
 there is very little else in them. In
 size they are quite large average.
 Very fine coffee is also produced on
 San Antonio and I dare say the
 green covered fresh coconuts on
 the fruit boats along side are
 from the same locality.

I am told little Schooners from
 United States with apples &c.
 are constantly here sell their
 notions and take oil from the
 whole fleet here. This fleet fishes

with different crews winter on the hunt
and taking, and each vessel has its
turn at results, taking a whale
in turn be it large or small for
its share of the catch.

The Miller is said to make 30,000 £
per year here - He manages to purchase
enough wharf to supply his market
and finds the African, the Portugals
Israel, here to shoot.

About 2 miles back of the town 800
feet above the sea, we see the house
of the Governor of the Island - a Palmyra
General - a garden with irrigation
on a rock just above us is a little
fort with flag to defend - Above to
the fishing smack that should a
happen to go off without selling
fish chays - on suspected them.

In the middle of the
harbour stands a very



273
feet
high

reclining pyramid of rock
that looks like a bronze
monument, it is so symmetric

Near by is a mountain top that
presents a profile called General
Washington's face. The chin and
collar run like him as well as
the calm dignified expression
of the face. He appears prominent
with a face to the Zenith.
On a ~~low~~ flat Puckly Pear cactus
is growing - and I saw a variety of
the plant. The leaves very full of
moisten, and a variety of our garden
Eryngium, and some other plants full
of water, but most of the scanty herbage
I saw ~~was~~ very dry, much to the
dried eye in feeling & soft in colour.
The little bay here is full of fine
fish and we see abundance of kerry
in schools around our ship (said to be
very fine) and pilot fish several.
One I saw 10 or 12 lb weight. They
are also very fine. He looks like
one of our largest Sautary of the
kind that is very light coloured
with deep brown stripes running
around his body (not lateral)
all is so much & so fast & so

The splashing & pimpling of fish
around the ship at night is perpetual.

We had another fine sunset this
evening. I find that our

anthracite coal is preferred by the
to all others for steaming, and
they pay 2 £ per ton for it.

At Sea March 11. 67

We left the harbour of St. Vincent
at 11 A.M. - Presently there were
seen 5 whale boats chasing two whales
very near us for about 2 hours and
left them at it, ran at the mouth of
the little harbour - The two fish kept
close by each other side by side, and
came up generally & spouted together.
The boats were frequently very near
them but not sufficiently so to cast
the harpoon - The huge creatures
frequently exhibited themselves with
much of their extraordinary personalities
above the water. Finally themselves
constantly annoyed by pursuers whenever
they broke water, they at length
made a long dash & came up in the

Channel between us and San Antonio (29
about 2 miles wide) fully
a mile from their position and
then for a considerable time kept
up an almost constant succession
of fire & ease. - The discovery then
of symptoms before the boats (or rather
I did) and it was several minutes
before the boats changed their course
towards them, having obviously
taken for granted they had gone
quite in the opposite direction.
The Southern ship is about 70° above the horizon
The North Star is many degrees
above the horizon. There is very little twilight at present.
We had lightning & shower last
night, and quite a rain early
this morning. It is now nearly
Calm (2 P. M.) sea smooth and
we hope to be in South America by the
25th at farthest. As we passed
San Antonio - (a huge globe of happiness) from
(nearly 4000 feet high) to be greeted
verdant in their gorges, though it
is a desert below on that side -
Not a house visible, but there is
quite a town of 7 or 8 thousand people on the head

San Antonio is entirely out of water.

I saw quite a high but light waterfall on
the side of a mountain on St. Vincent.
St. Vincent is about midway between
Rio and Liverpool and the line of
navigation is nearly direct

I find a winter in the tropics has made
me sensitive to cold. It is a little
cloudy with a moderate breeze ahead
and then 75° yet I have with a winter
dup which I have worn, excepting a thin
coat, ever since I left Beems, Agnes,

I have been obliged to put on a thicker
coat to day and unaccountably cool
even then. Captain Lee has Agnes
some 77 years in tropics. East of that, but
has only once seen thermometer 90°.

He says in the East Indies they feel the
heat & sink under (Europeans) because
the nights are as long as the days

In the harbor of St. Vincent the Negroes dive
from deck of the ship and bring up to pass
through outboard before they take the silver to
down by small boys at Matanzas and I
even take the coin is often caught before
it gets to the bottom - at St. Vincent ice
there is 24 feet water - This fact is

Havanna also,
common in many parts of the world.
we have all heard of the Negro
in court of Africa loading off from
shore with a weight on his head to
hold him down while killed sharks
under water with his knife.
The mate of this ship says he
has seen them dive with a knife
in their mouth when sharks were
abundant, swim under them
and kill them - This was in
the Eastern Indies when he says
the water was clear as crystal
with coral trees of coral forest
the bottom reporting trees
about 12 feet high. These abound
in fish, and the sharks thus
killed by the Negro were awaiting
their eggs from the groves
what this own superior bulks
would not allow them to enter.
The coral forests are said to be
exceedingly beautiful and rich
in variety of colors. I saw

a reef of coral at St. Vincent
I thought, like that at Pitcairn but
but these are all compact and
regular in form like mineral reefs.
There is more a less beauty of phos-
phorulent sea every night, but
nothing to compare with what
I once saw, about 1852, at
Sea Side, when the whole ocean
lashed into furious waves by
a terrific gale, resembled a
vast area of blazing conflag-
ration. The soil of the Island
appears to be volcanic debris, and
if artesian wells could be successfully
bored, I believe these present deserts
might become exceedingly fertile.
When we left Rio a few cases of cholera
were there and the Portuguese Consul
gave us a "foul bill of health" though
the Belgian Consul at the same time
gave the French steamer a clean one.
The Portuguese Consul gave

mad

The frigate steamed a "clean bill of health" though she was in Rio before we got there and left there four days after us, but the English appear to have no friends.

We pursued a whale near the Equator, but I did not see him.

My presence informs me that dog distemper is very common among the dogs of the Camp as they term the country, the Pampas of the Rio La Plata. This is aggravated by the multitudes of the wild dogs

that inhabit the country, that also go mad and eat the "Gouaches" here in down to their houses (only public held suspended at entrance)

These creatures are liable to be killed by them also, for it is remarked that when the domestic dog is ill he seeks solitude and abscends from man while the wild dog seeks under similar circumstances human habitations. These wild dogs are

from acts of domestic dogs, and go
 in dens destroying not only sheep but
 cattle and sometimes men. Mr J
 mentions a case of a man having
 been devoured by a dog of dog, four
 of which he killed with his knife before
 he was overpowered.

The multitudes of furious bulls
 in the camp constituted another
 source of danger. These troubles
 are explained from the fact of their
 being neither fenced nor tied for
 safety.

Jama Eppingshall was Captain of the
 Ship "Centuria" of Scarborough England
 45 years - He was first a boy apprentice
 in his then Cook, then second mate,
 then first, then Captain of her 45 years
 until he lost her in an ice field in
 the Gulf of St Lawrence, he was in the
 lumber trade 20 years, and was asked
 by his owners to take another of their ships
 but like the previous on the "Bartlett"

The captain had been so long his
him he always said he would never
take another ship. He was the best man
on board the wreck, was in command
and ~~was~~ would ~~not~~ take another.
He is still living - He always gave
his sailors a bounty for rats killed
on his ship, yet always had them
well provided with food about the ship.
He could always obtain the best crews
Some of his men had been many years
with him, and he always had his
sails well reefed on Saturday night,
in view of a possibility of requiring it on
Sunday, and he never was known
to make sail on that day.

This good man could not well bear to
part with his ship but he incurred a
large cost to be divorced from his wife.

Mr Wallan tells me he worked on
a farm when a boy, and at 14 years
of age drove a pair of horses, but had
only £100. per year besides his board
what consisted of oat meal porridge
and milk.

Such a boy would now have about
£2000 per year. The wages of a good man

on a farm in Ireland under the greatly
improved condition of things was (2 years ago)
9 £ a year with potatoes & milk for board,

March 15. We have a fair wind today
This will be the 4th day of fair wind we
have had in ~~about~~ 5000 miles (upward)
and 5 weeks voyage to day including nearly 5
days in Port. Our latitude is nearly
28° North - about 350 miles S by west of
Madeira - I have seen 10 ships to day
and am getting among them at last.

Saw a great many *Staurolia* yesterday
beautiful exhibitions of Blue & pink
as they glide along - First I have seen
(excepting one the day before) in all
the voyages since I left home. They
are just on the northern edge of
their habitat at this early season.

A large whale was seen the day after
we left St Vincent, early in morning.
Strange I could not see an object of
that size by daylight for -
Whales have been plenty but I suppose
we will soon be where it is too cool

for them - I could not see the *Carp* last
night - probably had set. I am told it is at
times nearly a true eel, *Scorpaenidae*.

March 16. 67

37

Our favourable breeze continued, and I was called this morning before sunrise to see the Peak of Teneriffe which was in view for a few minutes. I had given instructions to be called in case land appeared, but I had given up all hope of seeing on this voyage the lofty & famous Peak of the canaries. The apex was in cloud. It was so nearly behind the rising sun as to be well revealed through 130 miles of the breeze (also one of my canaries) with its beautiful peaks of an hundred mountain peaks lay plain in sight in front of it. I have ever desired to see this mountain & though the vessel was so far off it is a great satisfaction.

A Glasgow company desiring a crew of Portuguese sailors for an especial purpose sent to Portugal for them. Of the fourteen men obtained only one could sign his name to the paper. Remarkable as the system of education in England, where both church & state, the governing class are determined to maintain their way as long as possible and know the only way to do it is to oppose all education of masses that is not under direction of priests yet it is said more of the sailors can sign their names.

A young man lately in Glasgow

by devoting a day in each week
to the purpose, from a short period
collected 560 children between 6 & 17
years of age into a musical club
not one of whom could read or write
Nevertheless he taught them all to sing
in one mass & very creditably -

The statement I
repeated in a former letter of an Officer
of the Parish having killed a man, is
probably untrue, though he has a
fundable power to kick
I have seen several reports to day

17th the papers between the Islands
of "Madras" and "Desertas" and
has others to day & sun² more

Portuguese for wood - The Island here
is about 3500 feet high, with red soil
covered with verdure not rich to the
summit, with a good deal of wood
and fruit and in the gorges I counted
eight cascades of torrents among the
gorges, two of them falling over the
cliff into the sea - The island is
very much strewed with gorges, and
is pretty well represented by the mountains
on Baskin's maps, though the
purple against the sky is not much
arrived - There are forest & scabbling
trees on some very high points but

I could not discern on the highest
with distinctness enough to judge
if they were there also.

The culture on the slopes has
a beautiful effect, and a large
portion of the Island side is
dotted with houses, most of them
white, and some with black
fences, occasionally a church
about the level of 2000 feet about
for a mile or more. Little
villages are along the shore, and
on an open bay on a gentle slope
lies the town of "Funchal" of about
6 or 8000 people (apparently) just
under the highest portion of the Island.
I could see not a sail in the harbor
what is rather an open roadstead.
There appeared to be a large number
of good houses in the town, in the
intermediate on the water edge, and
stagnant houses up the hill in all
directions behind it. The cliff
and in some places very high, a

the walk along them and indeed
must be very pleasant. The island
is mostly in appearance with a
Eastern sunny slopes every hill a
and shallow valleys & covered
in brush. At the north end is a
a natural cut in the rock admitting
a clear view through it and perhaps
for the best view that of Africa
"The hole in the wall" but much
firer, large high cylindrical arch
Machero is said to swim with
biggers. I saw only a few gulls.
no other birds

after passing the north end of the
Island we saw its highest peak
6300 feet, & soon came two other
stands of the Madaya group. The
"Saloyes" inhabited by a few fishermen.
Lieut Stairs R.A. says that a
Baker's Puffin has been seen
twice, was seen from a ship
by a parcel of sails, one night,

being carried by Saturn ~~at~~ the (41)
peak of Stromboli, and pitched into
the crater - The vision of these
sailors as it afterwards proved occurred
on the same night with the death
of the detested baker, at some
distant point. Mr Harris
cannot remember all the particulars,
but states these points as having
been well authenticated

Lat. 45.25' off Bay of Biscay
Longitude 8° Feb 22, 67
Just after passing Medusa
we had very heavy weather for
48 hours and though the sun only 64
it fell quite too cold on deck, or
even in the deck cabin, in full
winter dress - We saw 12 seals
in one day, but in an hour
outside the track being a fine day
as also yesterday but the heavy
of the Bay of Biscay makes it
difficult to visit - occasionally a
sea bird was seen yesterday
I find it is well known here

17
I thought I think not with us, that
if our coat gets painted it is only
necessary to rub the part with a
portion not painted, and it dis-
appears entirely - I tested it.

I found the poor rate in London
is collected in each parish, as special
tax in each, instead of throughout
the city for a general purpose. This
is peculiar that in the west end where
all the richest live and scarcely any

poor, the tax for this purpose is charged
18cts on each 4,88cts of income from
houses or real estate. However, while
in the parishes where the poor chiefly
live the tax is ~~more~~ 100cts on 4,88cts

The wealthy dodge taxation in every
way they can. One way large incomes
the the income tax is less per cent
than on small ones - and the wealthy
about paying this tax has not ~~been~~
can get, I am told. I will remember
the conduct out here about 10 years ago.
We appear to be in Southampton on the
24th at evening. Since it is so dark

I have had a cold for a few days
the first since I left home. The
change to color has been very sudden
The Joppin says on the Pampus
they name this "Alfalfa" (Lucerne)
These stems between Oct 1st & Feb 20th
and it yields 2 Tom per acre of good
hay for all stock at each cutting -
6 Tom per acre per season, besides
a 4th crop which is full green
but only horses can pasture on it.
Both Cattle & Sheep can find it
it as pasture, but a half hour
grazing on this variety of grass
will kill an entire flock of
sheep and is equally fatal
to cattle. The disease is so
distended by its smell, as to despatch
and death occur very soon
after the insidious attack.
This is true of the county behind
both Paines Ayer & Montrose.
The latter town, most of it, looks as
though it was built last week
be bright & fresh, but there is
scarce a tree in the street to relieve
the unimpaired glare of prospect.

67
Sept 24. Castle Hotel Southampton

Here I am in front of a blazing coal fire in what promise to be a comfortable inn, close by the water. We had a thick night, but calm and the channel like a river. We got into a Pilot Boat off Cowes after breakfast and a pleasant run of 10 miles brought us to the Custom House at 10 A.M. My trunk was not even unpacked. We have been 42 days from Buenos Ayres, and I slept on board 43 nights. Enough to have eaten scarcely any thing but oat meal porridge & milk porridge & boiled rice with a little butter for dressing. I had a cup of tea or coffee ^{with 185 lbs, but} ~~lost 14 lbs on this voyage & 22 lb during this period~~ & various little patches of skin on my arms & legs on the loss of weight, and I never saw the verdure as pale here before. The winter has been very severe, and a heavy fall of snow within a few days. Terrible storms until yesterday for a month. Many fatal shipwrecks & the Pilot boats would have been us had escaped them. The school built with new desks since I saw it $\frac{1}{2}$ year ago, and the Petty ^{Military} Hospital now completed, near Petty Abbey,

now completed 3 miles below 45
^{Southampton}
here, is a fine object - apparently
about 12 or 1300 feet long of brick -
may now mean any other built up of bricks
I went on 12 o'clock the steamer ^{Walter}
here bound for New York - a new
line they told me - The Atlantic packet
of Collins line by British Government, is also here -
I expect to remain in England
until about 10th of June and
then go to Norway for a short time
and so back to Switzerland & be
in Paris about Sept 1 - but my plans
are not very definite - I have written
to B. Butler of London for letters to be
forwarded to this place & shall move
towards Penzance & Land End &
places intermediate in a day or two -
The first things I noticed on landing
were my old friend the English Spaniard
and then had talk - The best Spaniard
I saw before, was one that that spent the
day on our deck while we lay at anchor -
vided - The steady walk of the well to do
(that is those who get enough to eat) of English
men and women next attracted my
attention, and I believe it is not mere
fancy, that makes me see them as
defiant as a determination that reform
shall come and that quickly -

Feminism is on all lips, and I
suspect intend to wry & bolden the

The Government into to corruption, without
risking much life at any one time,
and I shall not be surpris'd if they
succeed sooner than we think

The multitude of Spirit stews, ale &
Beer vaults, ^{& eating houses} where every body drinks
and wallows in this country, again
shuts me as freely as ever, and to
their prevalence I am confident
more than any other cause, save a
want of education of the part of the
 $\frac{7}{8}$ th of the people, is the delay of great
reform ~~admittable~~.

I see the Post office department of
this country has become a great bank
of savings - Off Post offices in every
part of the country are designated
at which deposits can be made on
Credit of the Government. Seem to me
a good plan - I have long believ'd
that our rural townships, where every
man knows his neighbors and those
who would be likely to turn their property
from carelessness or design, might become
insurers in their own district at half
the present rates of insurance charged in
~~London~~ centers of capital & corruption,
& with equal profit. Such a system
would caffle those who vision with
intent of arson, almost effectually.

I hope you have got out of winter
by this time and in good health,
and that Bruce will give a good
diet a good trial, I cannot doubt
it will benefit him -

The 600 dollars gold he gave me has just
paid all my expenses from N. York to this
place - so that I have the 10 £ per month
(50 £ on the first of April pay, in all) for
capital to begin Europe with, a very good
start, and my own income will begin to
come in May 15th -

25th - despite the same winter and
recent heavy snow (Paper's boats have
been stopped and abandoned on the bank)
I find Elder in small leaf - Heath
in flower - Herbaceous Annuals starting
and the Weeping Elm almost in flower -

Louthampton has 52,000 people and has
grown rapidly since I saw it before -
a long rambling sort of park lies
all about the town handy to all,
of more than an hundred acres, in which
is a statue of Isaac Watts, native here,
and a man Andrew lately dead
who achieved an honorable reputation
"though he wore an apron" - Various
tributes to him on the monument are

meant to sharply rebuke the censurers
and exclaim in spirit of Torquemada. This is
no doubt coming out strong daily.

Portions of the old walls of the city are
left, and a fine ancient gate way
fringed with heraldic emblems,
crosses the street above the little Hotel,
and other enough portions of the
walls of this and adjoining and other
houses are the original city walls,
4 and 5 feet thick.

I understand the human line to
St. York takes letters for 12 instead of
24 cts - if I find this to be correct I
shall so deduct ~~from~~ and future letters,
I am 14th lighter than when I left Buenos
Aires (in 42 days) 22th lighter than
in St. Paul in America, and 40th lighter
than I was about 2 years ago.

I find the dampness of my paper
at sea, it was, that rendered writing
almost impracticable, and the same
in the humid climate of St. America
So to all at Valencia, even letters
to be inappreciable within J. P. H.

Central Section of *Alliaria Petal*
 looks like one of
 our own *Species*
 found
 here

Natural size

Dotted line
 a spherical pit
 consisting of very hard
 soap - lay a linen
 handkerchief upon it,
 the hawk may be
 struck with knife or scissor
 and the pit divided
 in halves, yet the
 hawk be not
 cut, at all!

510.640 *Melhus*

90.

P
H 420:640

[Faint, mostly illegible handwritten text, possibly bleed-through from the reverse side of the paper. Some words like 'from' and 'many' are visible.]